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Arecibo, 90 deaths; 16 due to uncinariasis, 4 to anemia, 10 to tuberculosis, 2 to bronchitis, 2 to pneumonia, 2 to grippe, 1 to paludism, and 2 to malarial fever.

Humacao, 37 deaths; 8 due to anemia, 1 to bronchitis, 1 to dysentery, 1 to malarial fever, 1 to pernicious malaria, 2 to pneumonia, and 5 to tuberculosis.

Aguadilla, 31 deaths; 3 due to uncinariasis, 3 to infantile tetanus, 3 to broncho-pneumonia, 4 to pneumonia, 4 to tuberculosis, 1 to paludic fever, 1 to dysentery, and 1 to rickets.

Arroyo, 13 deaths; 3 due to uncinariasis, 2 to infantile tetanus, 1 to tuberculosis, and 3 to paludism.

Fajardo, 52 deaths; 2 due to paludal anemia, 4 to tuberculosis, 1 to pneumonia, 1 to cholerine, 1 to malarial fever, 2 to broncho-pneumonia, 1 to enteric fever, and 1 to acute dysentery.

Nothing of interest was reported from the subports during the month other than routine business.

## Mortality statistics of San Juan, month of February, 1906.

Tuberculosis	16	Meningitis	3
Rickets	3	Spinal meningitis	1
Enteric fever			
Enteritis	13	Anemia	1
Bronchitis	5	From all other causes	57
Infantile tetanus	3		
Entero-colitis	- 8	Total	102

## FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

Australia—New South Wales—Newcastle.—Month of January, 1906. Estimated population, 51,000. Total number of deaths, 50, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

Sydney.—Month of January, 1906. Estimated population, 529,600. Total number of deaths, 487, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 7, scarlet fever 1, and 46 from tuberculosis.

Dutch Guiana—Paramaribo.—Month of February, 1906. Estimated population, 33,535. Total number of deaths, 107. No contagious diseases.

Great Britain—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 3, 1906, correspond to an annual rate of 17.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,818,360.

London.—One thousand five hundred and one deaths were registered during the week, including measles 55, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 18, whooping cough 29, enteric fever 5, and 14 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.6 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,161 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, 18 from measles, 3 from scarlet fever, and 9 from whooping cough.

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Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 3, 1906, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 24.1 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Galway, viz, 3.9, and the highest in Lurgan, viz, 44.3 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 183 deaths were registered, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 4, and 50 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 3, 1906, correspond to an annual rate of 19.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,787,788. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 10.7, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 27.5 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 661, including measles 26, diphtheria 6, enteric fever 3, scarlet fever 2, and 10 from whooping cough.

ITALY—Milan.—Month of December, 1905. Estimated population, 543,981. Total number of deaths, 864, including diphtheria 13, enteric fever 9, measles 9, scarlet fever 1, and 114 from tuberculosis.

Month of January, 1906. Estimated population, 546,108. Total number of deaths, not reported. Eleven deaths from diphtheria, 10 from enteric fever, 11 from measles, and 111 from tuberculosis reported.

Naples.—Month of December, 1905. Estimated population, 585,589. Total number of deaths, 1,300, including diphtheria 9, enteric fever 6, measles 1, whooping cough 2, and 74 from tuberculosis.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended February 20, 1906. Estimated population, 159,041. Total number of deaths, not reported. One death from enteric fever reported.

Malta.—Two weeks ended March 3, 1906. Estimated population, 202,134. Total number of deaths, 184, including 3 from diphtheria.

Spain—Barcelona.—Ten days ended March 1, 1906. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 384, including diphtheria 5, enteric fever 7, measles 9, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, smallpox 6, and 36 from tuberculosis.

Corunna.—Month of February, 1906. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 79, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 9 from tuberculosis.

West Indies—Antiqua.—Three weeks ended February 10, 1906. Estimated population, 36,780. Total number of deaths, 18. No contagious diseases reported.